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The Deutsche Bahn Group and the DB International



### DB

## The Deutsche Bahn group is one of the world's leaders in the multimodal transport of passenger and goods

### 40

billion euros revenues (2016)

### 295,000

employees in 140 countries

### 30,000

journeys by rail managed daily

### 2<sup>nd</sup>

biggest worldwide provider of transport and logistics services

### 442

million tons of cargo transported per year

### 4.1

billion passengers transported by rail and buses per year





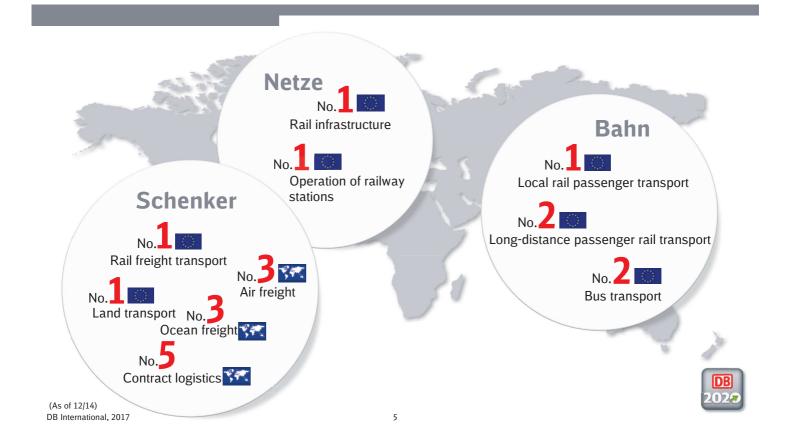






### We hold leading market positions in Europe and the world





DB

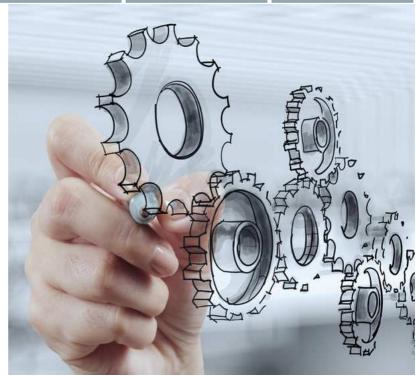
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2 Introduction and benefits of multimodality





## Germany occupies the #1 position in the LPI Rank as the most efficient logistics nation in the world, Brazil is #55

### **Logistics Performance Index (LPI) Rank**

Rank	Country	Score
1	Germany	4,23
2	Luxembourg	4,22
3	Sweden	4,20
4	Netherlands	4,19
5	Singapore	4,14
6	Belgium	4,11
7	Austria	4,10
8	United Kingdom	4,07
9	Hong Kong	4,07
10	United States	3,99
12	Japan	3,97
13	United Arab Emirates	3,94
14	Canada	3,93
16	France	3,90
20	South Africa	3,78
21	Italy	3,76
22	Norway	3,73
23	Spain	3,73
24	South Korea	3,72
27	China	3,66
35	India	3,42
46	Chile	3,25
54	Mexico	3,11
55	Brazil	3,09
65	Uruguay	2,97
66	Argentina	2,96
69	Peru	2,89
99	Russia	2,57
160	Syria	1,60
ational	2017 Source: h	nttp://lpi.worldl

### **LPI Europe Rank**

Rank	Country	Score
1	Germany	4,23
2	Luxembourg	4,22
3	Sweden	4,20
4	Netherlands	4,19
6	Belgium	4,11
7	Austria	4,10
8	United Kingdom	4,07
16	France	3,90
20	South Africa	3,78
21	Italy	3,76
22	Norway	3,73
23	Spain	3,73
36	Portugal	3,41

### LPI Asia Rank

Rank	Country	Score
5	Singapore	4,14
9	Hong Kong	4,07
10	United States	3,99
12	Japan	3,97
24	South Korea	3,72
27	China	3,66
35	India	3,42

### **LPI BRICS Rank**

Rank	Country	Score
20	South Africa	3,78
27	China	3,66
35	India	3,42
55	Brazil	3,09
99	Russia	2,57

### **LPI America Rank**

Rank	Country	Score
10	United States	3,99
14	Canada	3,93
40	Panama	3,34
54	Mexico	3,11
55	Brazil	3,09
65	Uruguay	2,97
66	Argentina	2,96
69	Peru	2,89

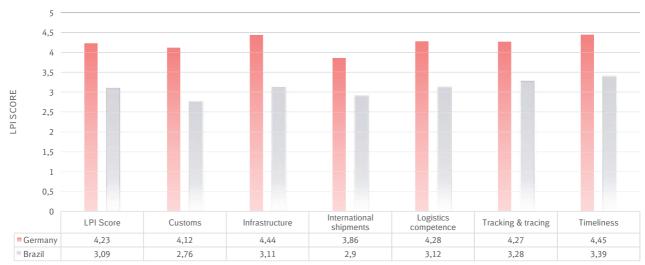
DB International, 2017

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### Intermodality is a key factor for achieving a high competitive nation, for the flow of people and goods in an integrated efficient manner



## LOGISTICS PERFORMANCE INDEX COMPARISON BRAZIL X GERMANY



Source: http://lpi.worldbank.org

DB International, 2017

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## The success is guaranteed by a full compromise of the government through a long term integrated planning and investments policy

.... as well as through a legal framework that sets clear, objective and transparent rules for the private sector to invest and operate



**Bundesverkehwegplan Integrated planning** -> one infrastructure plan, working as an integrated logistics system



**Maximum intermodal competition** -> free comptition among the private and public operators for the most efficient logistics solution



**Maximum intramodal competition** -> more than 400 rail operators, several truck and barges operators

As consequence, all efforts from the public and private sector converge to the maximization of results

DB International, 2017

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Success factors for an efficient multimodal supply chain





### The Port of Hamburg is European third busiest container port



### **About the Port of Hamburg**

- Total port area: 7.145 acres
- Ranking (container):
  - 3<sup>rd</sup> in Europe (after Rotterdam and Antwerp)
  - 18<sup>th</sup> worldwide

Source: Hafen Hamburg Marketing e.V., 2016

Distribution of cargo in the Hinterland of the port of Hamburg (2014)

- 22% in the area around Hamburg
- 33% to the North-East of Europe
- 44% to Central Europe

22 %

HAMBURG

HAMBURG

HAMBURG

Winnius

Hinsk

Braitsiava

Paris

Budapest

Ljubljana

Lagreb

Bukarrest

Strejevo

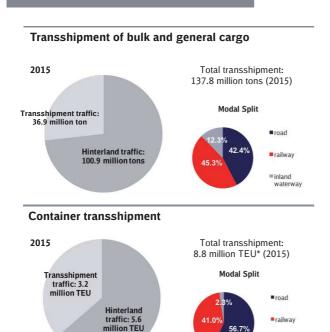
Soria

Source: HPA Hafenbahn, 2014



## Hinterland transport: The railway transport plays a crucial role in the hinterland of the Port of Hamburg

■inland

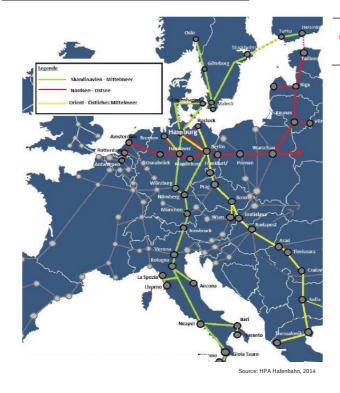


\*TEU: Twenty-foot Equivalent Unit





## Capable hinterland railway network: The port of Hamburg has perfect connections to the European railway network



 Hamburg is in the center of three railway traffic corridors with 1,200 trains per week

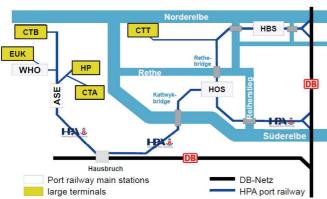
### Cargo Train services from and to Hamburg (2014)



## Comprehensive port railway network: The port railway network connect all important areas in the port of Hamburg



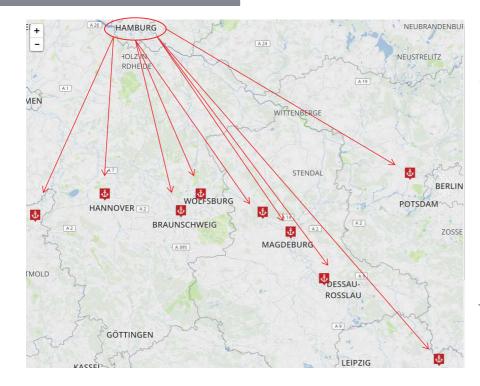
### Important railway stations in the Port of Hamburg



- The port railway is a public rail infrastructure company
- Their infrastructure offers the following service facilities:
  - Facilities for intake of fuel
  - Passenger railway station (incl. building and other facilities)
  - Freight yard and terminal
  - Switchyard
  - Facilities for train composition
  - Sidings
  - Maintenance facilities and other technical facilities
  - Ports
- Controlling Authorities:
  - Control Authority of the City of Hamburg (dt. Landeseisenbahnaufsicht)
  - Federal Network Agency (dt. Bundesnetzagentur)
  - Federal railway authority (dt. Eisenbahnbundesamt)



### Besides intermodal transport services to the Hinterland, the port of Hamburg also uses inland waterways for several German destinations



#### **Current line destinations**

- Aken
- Braunschweig
- Fallersleben
- Haldensleben
- Hannover
- Magdeburg
- Minden
- Riesa
- Wustermark

### By the Elbe river, Hamburg is well connected to several inland waterways





The Port of Hamburg provides 106 public berths for inland waterway

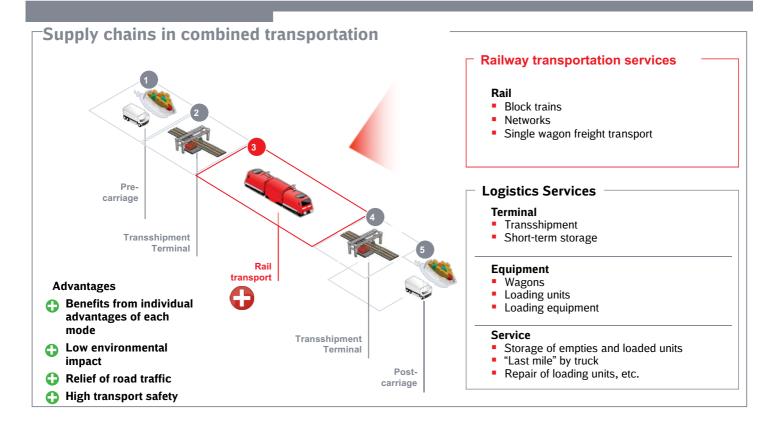
In 2014, approximately 10,000 inland waterway vessels tied up and transported around 11.6 million tons of cargo.

Cargo leaves Hamburg daily on the River Elbe and the canals into the hinterland. There are regular services on the middle and upper Elbe in the direction of Magdeburg, Aken, Torgau, Riesa, Dresden and even to the Czech Republic to Děčin, Ústí nad Labem and Lovosice.

Along the Lower Elbe Brunsbüttel, Cuxhaven and Glückstadt, among others can be served. In the Elbe Lateral Canal the link to the Mittellandkanal is also the connection to Braunschweig, Haldensleben, Hanover and Minden as well as to the **Ruhr region** and the inland ports of the Rhein, Main, Mosel and Neckar. Cargo also finds it way to Berlin via the inland waterways.

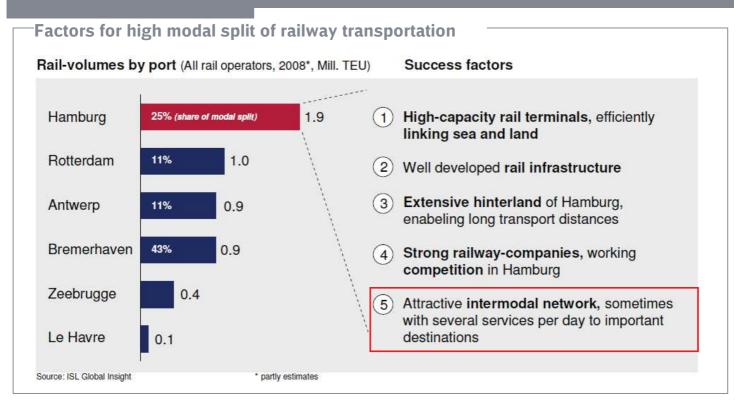


## Railway transportation plays a crucial role for connecting seaports to the hinterland in global supply-chains



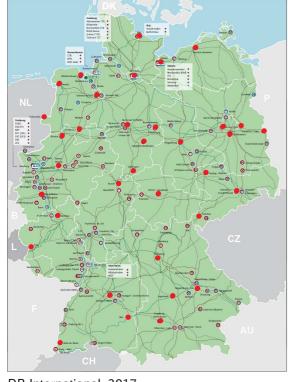
### DB

## With a modal split of 25% the Port of Hamburg is Europe's best practice in hinterland railway transportation





## Germany provides a dense network of CT-Terminals; they became a success factor for regional development



DB International, 2017

### -Container Terminals in Germany

- Approx. 150 CT-Terminals are in operations, all industrial and commercial cities are covered
- Infrastructure most subsidized by federal or local government (up to 85% of CAPEX)
- Operators:
  - **DUSS** (75 % DB Netz AG, 12,5 % DB ML AG, 12,5 % Kombiverkehr), more than 20 terminals
  - DB Intermodal Services
  - Inland harbours
  - Industrial companies such as BASF, Warsteiner, forwarders, e.g. Wincanton
- Some CT became nucleus for development of 35 Freight Villages (GVZ)
  - Bimodales Terminal: Schiene Straße

    Bimodales Terminal: Wasserstraße Straße

    Trimodales Terminal: Wasserstraße Schiene Straße

    Rollende Landstraße ROLA

    Terminalnummer (Liste)

    GVZ

    Kliometer

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### Freight Villages are tailored areas for the settlement of logistics providers and related industries

### **Definition of freight villages**

- A freight village is a defined area within all activities relating to transport, logistics and the distribution of goods, both for national and international transit, are carried out by various operators.
- These operators can either be owners or tenants of buildings and facilities (warehouses, breakbulk centres, storage areas, offices, car parks, etc...) which have been built there.
- Also, in order to comply with free competition rules, a freight village must allow access to all companies involved in the activities set out above. A freight village must also be equipped with all the public facilities to carry out the above mentioned operations. If possible, it should also include public services for the staff and equipment of the users.
- In order to encourage intermodal transport for the handling of goods, a freight village must preferably be served by a multiplicity of transport modes (road, rail, deep sea, inland waterway. air).
- Finally, it is imperative that a freight village be run by a single body, either public or private.







Source: Europlatforms (2010)

DB International, 2017

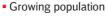
## **Global Trends favour the Development of Logistics Centres**



## and Freight Villages in the Outskirts of Cities

### **Trends**

### **Booming Cities**



Emerging and growing megacities

### **Booming Trade Flows**

- Increasing volumes
- Increasing orders with decreasing volumes

### **Global Markets**

- Global sourcing
- Global distribution
- Global logistics networks

### Scarcity of Natural Resources



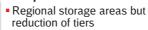
Oil, water, food

### **Impacts**



- Pollution & Congestion in Cities
  - High vehicle density
  - Lack of infrastructure

#### **Need for new Logistics** Concepts



Central warehouses and stockless handling

#### **Cost Pressure**



Rising transport costs Rising rentals in city areas

### **Environmental Awareness**

Request to save energy and to protect the environment

### **Opportunities**



#### **Intelligent City Logistics** Concepts

Logistics centres as hubs Bundle traffic flows

#### **Combined Transport**

- ",Clean" high-quality logistics
- Reduction of traffic density

#### **New Regionalism**

Storage/handling space with easy multimodal access

### **Experienced Logistics Service** Providers

- Help to outsource logistics
- Reduction of costs by economies of scale & scope



#### Save the Nature

 Reduction of pollution by concentration of logistics activities



## Logistics centres and freight villages offer fields for cooperation between private and public entities

### **Benefits of freight villages**



### Strengthening the local economy

- •Industrial companies can focus on core competencies
- Allocation of logistic industry and supporting industries (cluster building)



### **Bundling of volumes - increasing efficieny**

- Economies of scale and scope for supply and distribution
- Reduction of logistics costs through bundling
- Reduction of environmental burdens
- •Quick transhipment due to physical integration of different transport modes



### Higher product and process quality of the supply chain

- Use of synergies
- High density of service providers
- Collaboration between service providers
- •Modern/ advanced IT infrastructure and solutions, which can be shared
- Wide variety of facilities for cargo handling



DB International, 2017

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### DB

## The freight village in Bremen is ranked # 2 in Europe and created 8,000 jobs mainly through related services





### **Key facts**

• Site area: 496 ha (+ 4 ha terminal for combined transportation)

- Covered storage area: 960,000 m²
- **Employment effect:** 8,000 people in 150 companies
- Annual cargo turnover: n/a
- Total investment: €460 million since 1985

### -Customers (tenants)

 Retail logistics, furniture logistics, forwarders, international logistic providers, ship-owners

#### -Location and benefits

- The greater Bremen area is located in the heart of global trade flows; the proximity to port and airport in Bremen makes the region an attractive industrial location
- The Bremen Logistics Centre offers attractive land plots with a high synergy potential for transport and logistics companies to attract companies with a high affinity to the logistics business (e.g. production companies and retailers).

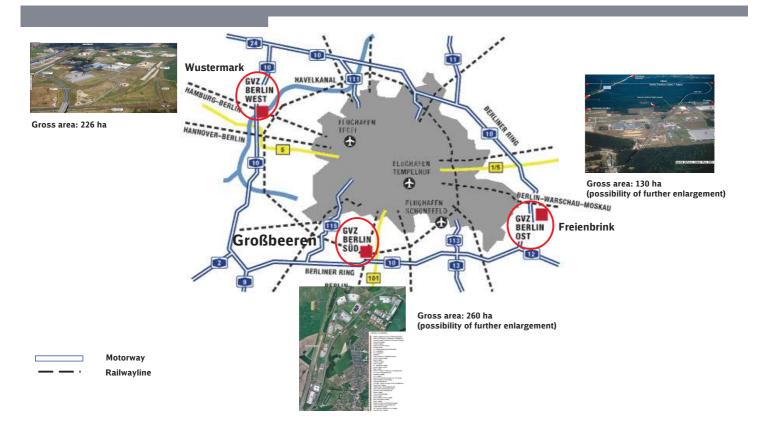
### Services provided

- Cooled warehouse
- Gas station
- Container terminal and service centre
- Biggest high rack storage in Europe

Source: DGG 2010: Ranking of Europe's Logistics Centers, DB International DB International, 2017  $$^{-\,24}$\,^{-}$ 

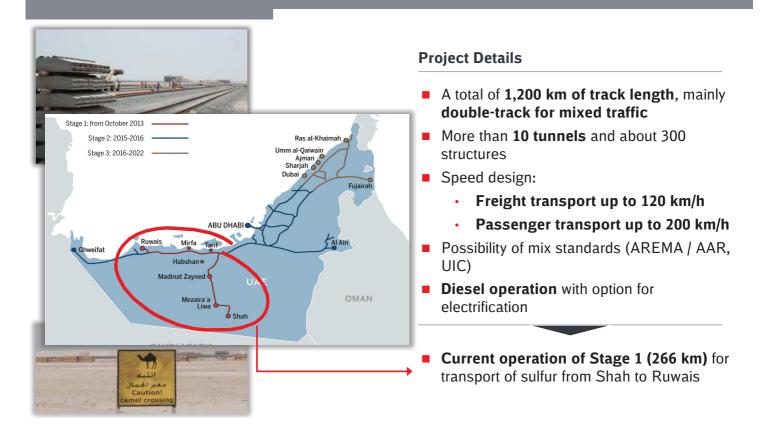


## Three freight villages (GVZ), perfectly connected to rail and road, form the backbone of the logistics concept for Germany's capital Berlin





## DB International is strongly involved in the development of the United Arab Emirates logistics and rail network





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### **Contact**



# Gustavo Gardini Business Development Director DB International Brasil Ltda.

Praça Mahatma Ghandi, 2 / grupo 1220-1221 CEP 20031-908 Centro - Cinelândia Rio de Janeiro - RJ

TelFax: +55 21 2544-1238 Cel: +55 21 98358-2597

dbi.gardini@db-international.de www.deutschebahn.com/en

# Jan Schmidt Head of Transport Logistics DB E&C GmbH

Köpenicker Straße 31 10179 Berlin Germany

TelFax: +49 30 297 56 174

<u>Jan.ja.schmidt@deutschebahn.com</u> www.deutschebahn.com/en





Headquarters Deutsche Bahn, Berlin, Germany